ASIAN UNIVERSITY FOR WOMEN SUPPORT FOUNDATION (HONG KONG) LIMITED (LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

Report of the Directors and Audited Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2018
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Report of the directors

The directors have pleasure in submitting the annual report together with the audited financial statements of Asian University for Women Support Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Principal place of business

The Company is a company incorporated and domiciled in Hong Kong and has its registered office and principal place of business at 1703 Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are planning and holding fund-raising events and collection and remission of donations to Asian University for Women Support Foundation ("AUWF"), the sole member of the Company, for the scholarship sponsorship at the Asian University for Women, Bangladesh.

Results and appropriations

The results of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018 and financial position of the Company as at the date are set out in the financial statements on pages 6 to 16.

Funds and reserves

Details of movements in the fund of the Company during the year are set out in the statement of changes in total funds on Page 8.

Contributions

Total contributions made by the Company to Asian University for Women for charitable and other purposes during the year was HK$2,285,896 (2017: HK$1,416,586).

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Abigail A ADAMS-DeLESSIO
Lynne Anne Stevenson DAVIS
LI Yan Yan
Jennifer Carver McLENNAN
Richard Lee FOLSOM
Anne CHARRON
Craig Unsworth DANA JR
Rebecca IP
Eva Maria BOURGEOIS
CHIU Su Yuen Caroline
Peggy Fang ROE
CHEN Xi Anne (appointed on 26 April 2018)
Farheen MAHOMED (appointed on 26 April 2018)
Mallika KAPUR (appointed on 26 April 2018)
Mark Russell UHRYNUK (appointed on 26 April 2018)
Natalie May Lynne ACKERMAN (appointed on 26 April 2018)
Report of the directors (continued)

Directors (continued)

In accordance with the Articles 12.1 and 12.2 of the Company's Articles of Association, one-third, or the nearest whole number to one-third, of the directors retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Rebecca IP, Eva Maria BOURGEOIS, CHIU Su Yuen Caroline, Lynne Anne Stevenson DAVIS and LI Yan Yan retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election for the forthcoming year.

In accordance with the Articles 12.6 of the Company's Articles of Association, any Director appointed by the Directors to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors will hold office only until the next annual general meeting, and that Director will then be eligible for re-election.

Peggy Fang ROE retires and, being eligible, offers herself for re-election for the forthcoming year.

Indemnity of directors

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) for the benefit of the directors of the Company is currently in force and was in force throughout this year.

Directors' interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

At no time during the year was the Company a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

No contract of significance to which the Company was a party, and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Auditors

Stella C Chen & Company retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of Stella C Chen & Company as the auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the board

Lynne Anne Davis
Director

Hong Kong, 5 October 2018
Independent auditor’s report to the sole member of
Asian University for Women Support Foundation
(Hong Kong) Limited
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited by guarantee)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Asian University for Women Support Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited ("the Company") set out on pages 6 to 16, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in total funds and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the HKICPA’s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company’s financial reporting process.
Independent auditor’s report to the sole member of
Asian University for Women Support Foundation
(Hong Kong) Limited (continued)
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited by guarantee)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
Independent auditor’s report to the sole member of
Asian University for Women Support Foundation
(Hong Kong) Limited (continued)
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited by guarantee)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned
scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in
internal control that we identify during our audit.

Stella C Chen & Company
Certified Public Accountants
Suite 1702 Wing On Centre
No. 111 Connaught Road Central
Hong Kong, 5 October 2018
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
for the year ended 30 June 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HK$</td>
<td>HK$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Revenue
- Donations 10 410,529 754,483
- Net surplus from the Gala Dinner 3 3,577,435 3,139,651
- Net surplus from the AUW Cocktail 4 23,743 -

\[ 4,011,707 \quad 3,894,134 \]

Other income
- Exchange gain 4,608 1,594
- Interest income 122 9
- Non-monetary donations 3,061 2,341,105
- Sundry income - 151,889

\[ 7,791 \quad 2,494,597 \]

Expenditure
- Accountancy fee 8,000 6,000
- Audit fee 33,000 32,000
- Bank charges 1,563 2,181
- Contributions to Asian University for Women 10 2,285,896 1,416,586
- Insurance 18,000 18,000
- Legal fee (donated services) 3,061 37,464
- Other professional fees 8,600 -
- Public relations services fee (donated services) - 2,303,641
- Salary, MPF & Bonus 17,745 -
- Secretarial fee 5,000 54,500
- Stationery & Office Supplies 100 -
- Sundry expenses 4,097 3,700
- Travelling expenses 4,163 -

\[ 2,389,225 \quad 3,874,072 \]

Surplus before income tax expenses 1,630,273 2,514,659

Income tax expenses 6 - -

Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year 1,630,273 2,514,659

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.
Statement of financial position at 30 June 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
<th>2018 HK$</th>
<th>2017 HK$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts receivable</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,599,630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepayment</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,537,906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,140,036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued charges and other payables</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>181,289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net Current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,958,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,958,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Representing</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated funds</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,958,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total funds</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,958,747</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By order of the board

Lynne Anne Davis
Director

Chiu Su Yuen Caroline
Director

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.
Statement of changes in total funds
for the year ended 30 June 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Accumulated Funds HK$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance at 1 July 2017</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year</td>
<td>2,514,659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 30 June 2017 and 1 July 2017</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year</td>
<td>1,630,273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 30 June 2018</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4,958,747</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.
### Statement of cashflows
for the year ended 30 June 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HK$</td>
<td>HK$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Surplus before taxation</strong></td>
<td>1,630,273</td>
<td>2,514,659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustments for:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank interest income</td>
<td>(122)</td>
<td>(9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Changes in working capital</strong></td>
<td>1,630,151</td>
<td>2,514,650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in accounts receivables</td>
<td>(795,845)</td>
<td>(1,803,785)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in accrued charges</td>
<td>115,112</td>
<td>34,177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decrease in amount due to a sole member</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(124,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in prepayment</td>
<td>(2,500)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash generated from operations activities</strong></td>
<td>946,918</td>
<td>621,042</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Investing activities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interest received</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash generated from investing activities</strong></td>
<td>122</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</strong></td>
<td>947,040</td>
<td>621,051</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June</td>
<td>2,537,906</td>
<td>1,590,866</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash at bank</td>
<td>2,537,906</td>
<td>1,596,866</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.
Notes of financial statements

1. Corporate information

Asian University for Women Support Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited is a company incorporated in Hong Kong limited by guarantee and not having a share capital. The liability of the members is limited to HKD100 per member in the event of the Company being wound up, whilst they remain a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member. Its registered office is located at 1703 Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The principal activities of the Company are planning and holding fund-raising events and collection and remission of donations to its sole member, Asian University for Women Support Foundation (“AUWF”), an entity incorporated in the United States of America, for the scholarship sponsorship at the Asian University for Women, Bangladesh.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (HKFRSs), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (HKASs) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. A summary of significant accounting policies is set out below.

(b) Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK$”), which is also the Company’s functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued several amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Company. None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Company’s results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented.
2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs

The Company has not applied any new standards and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

The Company is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSSs upon initial application. So far, the Company considers that these new standards and revised HKFRSSs are unlikely to have a significant impact on the Company’s results of operations and financial position.

(e) Impairment of assets

Impairment of trade and other receivables

Trade and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Company about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

In any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognized. The impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset’s carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset’s original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset’s carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognized in respect of trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the company is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade and other receivables directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognized in profit or loss.
2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Accounts receivables

Accounts receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts, except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(h) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(i) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Donation income

Donation income is recognised when the donation is received.

(ii) Net surplus from the Gala Dinner

Net surplus from the Gala Dinner is recognised on an accrual basis upon the completion of the event.

(iii) Net surplus from the AUW Cocktail

Net surplus from the AUW Cocktail is recognised on an accrual basis upon the completion of the event.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.
2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(j) Related parties

(i) A person, or a close member of that person’s family, is related to the Company if that person:

1. has control or joint control over the Company;
2. has significant influence over the Company; or
3. is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or the Company’s parent.

(ii) An entity is related to the Company if any of the following conditions applies:

1. The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
2. One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member)
3. Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
4. One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
5. The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Company or an entity related to the Company.
6. The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i).
7. A person identified in (i)(1) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
8. The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to the Company’s parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(k) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting year. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

3 Net surplus from the Gala Dinner

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HK$</td>
<td>HK$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sponsorships</td>
<td>3,975,198</td>
<td>3,476,290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditure</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food and Beverage</td>
<td>339,735</td>
<td>306,042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>58,028</td>
<td>30,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>397,763</td>
<td>336,639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3,577,435</td>
<td>3,139,651</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4 Net surplus from the AUW Cocktail

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donations</td>
<td>HK$</td>
<td>HK$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24,000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditure</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>HK$</td>
<td>HK$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>257</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>257</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>23,743</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 Directors’ emoluments, benefits, loans and other material interests

No directors’ remuneration as defined in section 383(1)(a),(b),(c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation was paid or payable for the year.

6 Taxation

The Company is a charitable organisation within the meaning of Section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance and accordingly is exempted from Hong Kong profits tax. Accordingly, no provision has been made for deferred taxation.

7 Accounts receivables

All accounts receivable are expected to be recovered within 6 months.

8 Accruals and other payables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HK$</td>
<td>HK$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other payables</td>
<td>HK$</td>
<td>HK$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>129,517</td>
<td>28,177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accruals</td>
<td>51,772</td>
<td>38,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>181,289</td>
<td>66,177</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All of the other payables and accruals are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

9 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company’s activities may expose it to certain financial risks including foreign currency risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Company’s overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company’s financial performance. As at 30 June 2018, there are no outstanding hedging transactions or derivative financial instruments.
9  Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows or the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The cash balances of the Company are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars. Hong Kong dollar and United States dollar are linked currencies. The directors consider that the foreign currency risk in United States dollar to be minimal.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Company’s policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

Payables are repayable within one year or on demand. The total contractual undiscounted cash outflow of the financial liabilities equals their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

(c) Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company’s capital management are to safeguard the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern in order to carry out its principal activities, i.e. to plan and hold fund-raising events and collection and remission of donations to AUWF.

The capital structure of the Company consists of accumulated fund. The directors regularly review and manage the capital to ensure adequacy for the Company’s operational efficiency.

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk arise mainly from cash at bank.

The Company’s bank balances are deposited in internationally reputable bank. As such, no significant credit risk is anticipated.

(e) fair value

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2018 and 2017.

10 Material related party transactions

During the year ended 30 June 2018, the Company entered into the following related party transactions:

Donations of HK$132,688 (2017: HK$66,658) were received from directors and related parties of the directors of the Company.

Contribution of HK$2,285,896 (2017: HK$1,416,586) was paid to Asian University for Women for the scholarship sponsorship at the Asian University for Women, Chittagong, Bangladesh.
11 Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 5 October 2018.